

**Table 1.** Median values and 68% confidence interval for OGLE-TR-1067.

Parameter	Units	Values
Stellar Parameters:		
$M_*$ .....	Mass ( $M_\odot$ ) .....	$1.25^{+0.24}_{-0.19}$
$R_*$ .....	Radius ( $R_\odot$ ) .....	$5.52^{+0.61}_{-0.75}$
$R_{*,\text{SED}}$ ..	Radius <sup>1</sup> ( $R_\odot$ ) .....	$5.58^{+0.66}_{-0.75}$
$L_*$ .....	Luminosity ( $L_\odot$ ) .....	$12.2^{+3.3}_{-3.0}$
$F_{Bol}$ .....	Bolometric Flux (cgs) .....	$0.0000000000508^{+0.000000000044}_{-0.000000000048}$
$\rho_*$ .....	Density (cgs) .....	$0.0104^{+0.0060}_{-0.0027}$
$\log g$ .....	Surface gravity (cgs) .....	$3.051^{+0.14}_{-0.099}$
$T_{\text{eff}}$ .....	Effective Temperature (K) .....	$4620 \pm 140$
$T_{\text{eff,SED}}$ ..	Effective Temperature <sup>1</sup> (K) .....	$4590^{+140}_{-150}$
[Fe/H]..	Metallicity (dex) .....	$0.36^{+0.16}_{-0.20}$
[Fe/H] <sub>0</sub> ..	Initial Metallicity <sup>2</sup> .....	$0.29^{+0.14}_{-0.18}$
$Age$ .....	Age (Gyr) .....	$6.0^{+4.7}_{-2.8}$
$EEP$ .....	Equal Evolutionary Phase <sup>3</sup> .....	$503.7^{+13}_{-7.2}$
$A_V$ .....	V-band extinction (mag) .....	$1.99^{+0.17}_{-0.21}$
$\sigma_{\text{SED}}$ .....	SED photometry error scaling .....	$6.38^{+0.95}_{-0.78}$
$\varpi$ .....	Parallax (mas) .....	$0.358^{+0.052}_{-0.037}$
$d$ .....	Distance (pc) .....	$2800^{+320}_{-360}$
Planetary Parameters:		
		b
$P$ .....	Period (days) .....	$2.573161^{+0.000021}_{-0.000020}$
$R_P$ .....	Radius ( $R_J$ ) .....	$2.51^{+0.44}_{-0.49}$
$M_P$ .....	Mass <sup>4</sup> ( $M_J$ ) .....	$237^{+48}_{-52}$
$T_C$ .....	Time of conjunction <sup>5</sup> (BJD <sub>TDB</sub> ) .....	$2455376.738^{+0.014}_{-0.015}$
$T_T$ .....	Time of minimum projected separation <sup>6</sup> (BJD <sub>TDB</sub> ) .....	$2455376.738^{+0.014}_{-0.015}$
$T_0$ .....	Optimal conjunction Time <sup>7</sup> (BJD <sub>TDB</sub> ) .....	$2456992.6831^{+0.0064}_{-0.0063}$
$a$ .....	Semi-major axis (AU) .....	$0.0417^{+0.0023}_{-0.0018}$
$i$ .....	Inclination (Degrees) .....	$56.0^{+7.1}_{-5.1}$
$T_{eq}$ .....	Equilibrium temperature <sup>8</sup> (K) .....	$2550^{+130}_{-160}$
$\tau_{\text{circ}}$ .....	Tidal circularization timescale (Gyr) .....	$0.70^{+0.73}_{-0.30}$
$K$ .....	RV semi-amplitude <sup>4</sup> (m/s) .....	$22400^{+2800}_{-3500}$
$R_P/R_*$ ..	Radius of planet in stellar radii .....	$0.0466^{+0.0035}_{-0.0038}$
$a/R_*$ ...	Semi-major axis in stellar radii .....	$1.63^{+0.24}_{-0.14}$
$\delta$ .....	$(R_P/R_*)^2$ .....	$0.00217 \pm 0.00034$
$\delta_I$ .....	Transit depth in I (fraction) .....	$0.00160 \pm 0.00015$
$\delta_V$ .....	Transit depth in V (fraction) .....	$0.00103^{+0.00045}_{-0.00047}$
$\tau$ .....	Ingress/egress transit duration (days) .....	$0.075^{+0.041}_{-0.032}$
$T_{14}$ .....	Total transit duration (days) .....	$0.325^{+0.025}_{-0.022}$

*Table 1 continued on next page*

**Table 1** (*continued*)

Parameter	Units	Values
$T_{FWHM}$ ..	FWHM transit duration (days) .....	$0.250^{+0.023}_{-0.028}$
$b$ .....	Transit Impact parameter .....	$0.909^{+0.028}_{-0.063}$
$\delta_{S,2.5\mu m}$ ..	Blackbody eclipse depth at $2.5\mu m$ (ppm) .....	$640^{+160}_{-170}$
$\delta_{S,5.0\mu m}$ ..	Blackbody eclipse depth at $5.0\mu m$ (ppm) .....	$900^{+200}_{-210}$
$\delta_{S,7.5\mu m}$ ..	Blackbody eclipse depth at $7.5\mu m$ (ppm) .....	$1000^{+210}_{-220}$
$\rho_P$ .....	Density <sup>4</sup> (cgs) .....	$18.2^{+8.2}_{-4.8}$
$log g_P$ .....	Surface gravity <sup>4</sup> .....	$4.965^{+0.074}_{-0.063}$
$\Theta$ .....	Safronov Number .....	$6.30^{+0.82}_{-0.83}$
$\langle F \rangle$ .....	Incident Flux ( $10^9$ erg s $^{-1}$ cm $^{-2}$ ) .....	$9.6^{+2.0}_{-2.2}$
$T_P$ .....	Time of Periastron (BJD <sub>TDB</sub> ) .....	$2455376.738^{+0.014}_{-0.015}$
$T_S$ .....	Time of eclipse (BJD <sub>TDB</sub> ) .....	$2455375.451^{+0.014}_{-0.015}$
$T_A$ .....	Time of Ascending Node (BJD <sub>TDB</sub> ) .....	$2455378.668 \pm 0.014$
$T_D$ .....	Time of Descending Node (BJD <sub>TDB</sub> ) .....	$2455377.381 \pm 0.014$
$V_c/V_e$ .....	.....	1.00
$M_P \sin i$ ..	Minimum mass <sup>4</sup> ( $M_J$ ) .....	$196^{+28}_{-31}$
$M_P/M_*$ ..	Mass ratio <sup>4</sup> .....	$0.180^{+0.047}_{-0.046}$
$d/R_*$ ..	Separation at mid transit .....	$1.63^{+0.24}_{-0.14}$
$P_T$ .....	A priori non-grazing transit prob .....	$0.586^{+0.054}_{-0.075}$
$P_{T,G}$ .....	A priori transit prob .....	$0.644^{+0.063}_{-0.085}$
Wavelength Parameters:		
		I
$u_1$ .....	linear limb-darkening coeff .....	$0.468^{+0.052}_{-0.054}$
$u_2$ .....	quadratic limb-darkening coeff .....	$0.194^{+0.049}_{-0.051}$
		V
Transit Parameters:		
		OGLE UT 2010-06-29 (I)
$\sigma^2$ .....	Added Variance .....	$0.00000714^{+0.00000018}_{-0.00000017}$
$F_0$ .....	Baseline flux .....	$1.000124^{+0.000035}_{-0.000034}$
		OGLE UT 2010-06-29 (V)
		$0.0000227^{+0.0000041}_{-0.0000035}$
		$1.00012^{+0.00043}_{-0.00044}$

See Table 3 in Eastman, J. et al., 2019, arXiv:1907.09480 for a detailed description of all parameters

<sup>1</sup>This value ignores the systematic error and is for reference only

<sup>2</sup>The metallicity of the star at birth

<sup>3</sup>Corresponds to static points in a star's evolutionary history. See §2 in Dotter, A., 2016, ApJS, 222, 8

<sup>4</sup>Uses measured radius and estimated mass from Chen, J., & Kipping, D. 2017, ApJ, 834, 17

<sup>5</sup>Time of conjunction is commonly reported as the "transit time"

<sup>6</sup>Time of minimum projected separation is a more correct "transit time"

<sup>7</sup>Optimal time of conjunction minimizes the covariance between  $T_C$  and Period

<sup>8</sup>Assumes no albedo and perfect redistribution