

Table 1. Median values and 68% confidence interval for OGLE-TR-1066.

Parameter	Units	Values
Stellar Parameters:		
M_*	Mass (M_\odot)	$0.881^{+0.22}_{-0.088}$
R_*	Radius (R_\odot)	$3.70^{+1.4}_{-0.77}$
$R_{*,\text{SED}}$..	Radius ¹ (R_\odot)	$3.72^{+1.4}_{-0.78}$
L_*	Luminosity (L_\odot)	$10.7^{+8.7}_{-3.7}$
F_{Bol}	Bolometric Flux (cgs)	$0.00000000000166^{+0.0000000000034}_{-0.0000000000031}$
ρ_*	Density (cgs)	$0.026^{+0.021}_{-0.015}$
$\log g$	Surface gravity (cgs)	$3.28^{+0.15}_{-0.25}$
T_{eff}	Effective Temperature (K)	5430^{+370}_{-400}
$T_{\text{eff,SED}}$..	Effective Temperature ¹ (K)	5410 ± 400
[Fe/H]..	Metallicity (dex)	$-1.7^{+1.2}_{-1.6}$
[Fe/H] ₀ ..	Initial Metallicity ²	$-1.7^{+1.1}_{-1.5}$
Age	Age (Gyr)	$9.5^{+3.2}_{-4.9}$
EEP	Equal Evolutionary Phase ³	$487.3^{+12}_{-9.2}$
A_V	V-band extinction (mag)	$0.80^{+0.29}_{-0.33}$
σ_{SED}	SED photometry error scaling	$11.1^{+1.7}_{-1.3}$
ϖ	Parallax (mas)	$0.220^{+0.053}_{-0.058}$
d	Distance (pc)	4540^{+1600}_{-880}
Planetary Parameters:		
b		
P	Period (days)	10.03302 ± 0.00016
R_P	Radius (R_J)	$1.68^{+0.75}_{-0.39}$
M_P	Mass ⁴ (M_J)	150^{+78}_{-150}
T_C	Time of conjunction ⁵ (BJD _{TDB})	$2455386.199^{+0.025}_{-0.027}$
T_T	Time of minimum projected separation ⁶ (BJD _{TDB})	$2455386.199^{+0.025}_{-0.027}$
T_0	Optimal conjunction Time ⁷ (BJD _{TDB})	$2456529.965^{+0.015}_{-0.022}$
a	Semi-major axis (AU)	$0.0917^{+0.0075}_{-0.0062}$
i	Inclination (Degrees)	$86.8^{+2.4}_{-6.6}$
T_{eq}	Equilibrium temperature ⁸ (K)	1670^{+210}_{-150}
τ_{circ}	Tidal circularization timescale (Gyr)	370^{+680}_{-330}
K	RV semi-amplitude ⁴ (m/s)	13200^{+5600}_{-13000}
R_P/R_* ..	Radius of planet in stellar radii	$0.0468^{+0.0032}_{-0.0029}$
a/R_* ...	Semi-major axis in stellar radii	$5.41^{+0.94}_{-1.3}$
δ	$(R_P/R_*)^2$	$0.00219^{+0.00031}_{-0.00026}$
δ_I	Transit depth in I (fraction)	0.00244 ± 0.00026
δ_V	Transit depth in V (fraction)	$0.00260^{+0.00032}_{-0.00030}$
τ	Ingress/egress transit duration (days)	$0.0288^{+0.026}_{-0.0055}$
T_{14}	Total transit duration (days)	$0.588^{+0.041}_{-0.071}$

Table 1 continued on next page

Table 1 (*continued*)

Parameter	Units	Values
T_{FWHM} ..	FWHM transit duration (days)	$0.548^{+0.036}_{-0.060}$
b	Transit Impact parameter	$0.31^{+0.39}_{-0.23}$
$\delta_{S,2.5\mu m}$..	Blackbody eclipse depth at $2.5\mu m$ (ppm)	127^{+95}_{-36}
$\delta_{S,5.0\mu m}$..	Blackbody eclipse depth at $5.0\mu m$ (ppm)	318^{+150}_{-65}
$\delta_{S,7.5\mu m}$..	Blackbody eclipse depth at $7.5\mu m$ (ppm)	415^{+170}_{-76}
ρ_P	Density ⁴ (cgs)	21^{+19}_{-20}
$log g_P$	Surface gravity ⁴	$4.99^{+0.13}_{-1.5}$
Θ	Safronov Number	$16.7^{+3.2}_{-16}$
$\langle F \rangle$	Incident Flux (10^9 erg s $^{-1}$ cm $^{-2}$)	$1.75^{+1.1}_{-0.56}$
T_P	Time of Periastron (BJD _{TDB})	$2455386.199^{+0.025}_{-0.027}$
T_S	Time of eclipse (BJD _{TDB})	$2455391.215^{+0.025}_{-0.027}$
T_A	Time of Ascending Node (BJD _{TDB})	$2455393.723^{+0.025}_{-0.027}$
T_D	Time of Descending Node (BJD _{TDB})	$2455388.707^{+0.025}_{-0.027}$
V_c/V_e	1.00
$M_P \sin i$..	Minimum mass ⁴ (M_J)	149^{+75}_{-150}
M_P/M_* ..	Mass ratio ⁴	$0.148^{+0.076}_{-0.15}$
d/R_* ..	Separation at mid transit	$5.41^{+0.94}_{-1.3}$
P_T	A priori non-grazing transit prob	$0.176^{+0.054}_{-0.026}$
$P_{T,G}$	A priori transit prob	$0.193^{+0.061}_{-0.029}$
Wavelength Parameters:		
u_1	linear limb-darkening coeff	$0.257^{+0.10}_{-0.068}$
u_2	quadratic limb-darkening coeff	$0.285^{+0.056}_{-0.061}$
I V		
Transit Parameters:		
σ^2	Added Variance	$0.00002361^{+0.0000039}_{-0.0000038}$
F_0	Baseline flux	$1.000310^{+0.000050}_{-0.000051}$
OGLE UT 2010-07-08 (I) OGLE UT 2010-07-08 (V)		

See Table 3 in Eastman, J. et al., 2019, arXiv:1907.09480 for a detailed description of all parameters

¹This value ignores the systematic error and is for reference only

²The metallicity of the star at birth

³Corresponds to static points in a star's evolutionary history. See §2 in Dotter, A., 2016, ApJS, 222, 8

⁴Uses measured radius and estimated mass from Chen, J., & Kipping, D. 2017, ApJ, 834, 17

⁵Time of conjunction is commonly reported as the "transit time"

⁶Time of minimum projected separation is a more correct "transit time"

⁷Optimal time of conjunction minimizes the covariance between T_C and Period

⁸Assumes no albedo and perfect redistribution